



Australian Government



Workplace
Gender Equality
Agency

Employer Public Report

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Submitted By:

Zip Airport Services Pty Ltd 16098990802



Public Reports

WGEA publishes the Public Report, except personal information in whole, or part on the Data Explorer and uses its contents in whole or part for other purposes in electronic or other formats.

Two documents make up your Public Report and can be generated and downloaded after preparing your submission for lodgement:

- Public Report – Questionnaire
- Public Report – Employee Data Tables

The Public Report must be:

- Given to your CEO or equivalent for review, approval and sign off before lodgement.
- Shared in accordance with the Notification and Access requirements under the *Workplace Gender Equality Act 2012 (the Act)*.

Report contacts will be asked to declare in the Portal that all relevant CEO or equivalents have signed the public report.

Detailed information on the requirements to share the public report with your employees, members or shareholders can be found within the online Reporting Guide on [Notification and Access requirements](#).

Gender Equality Standards

If there is a single entity employing 500 or more employees, they must have a policy or strategy in place against each of the six Gender Equality Indicators. More information can be found within the online reporting guide on [Gender Equality Standards](#).



Workplace Overview

Policies & Strategies

Employer policies or strategies on workplace gender equality and the composition of the workforce can be powerful levers for making progress and change. Policies or strategies are most effective when backed up by evidence-informed action plans to address areas of imbalance and inequality. Similarly, targets are achievable, time-framed goals that create mechanisms for accountability and are effective when combined with dedicated actions to help achieve them.

1.1 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place that support gender equality in the workplace?

Yes

Policy; Strategy

1.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

Recruitment; Retention; Promotions; Succession planning; Training and development; Talent identification/identification of high potentials; Key performance indicators for managers relating to gender equality

1.2 Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on diversity and inclusion in your organisation?

Yes

Policy; Strategy

1.2a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

Gender identity; Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander background; Cultural and/or language background; Disability and/or accessibility; Age

1.3 Does your organisation have any targets to address gender equality in your workplace?

Yes

Reduce the organisation-wide gender pay gap; Increase the number of women in management positions; Increase the number of women in key management personnel (KMP) roles; Increase the number of women in male-dominated roles; Increase the number of men taking parental leave; To have a gender balanced governing body (at least 40% men and 40% women)

1.4 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to your gender equality policies and strategies, please do so below.

The company aims to improve the representation of females in all roles and levels of our



business and to ensure that they are paid equally with their male counterparts as measured by total remuneration (including bonuses, allowances, and overtime). During the reporting period we have seen positive progress against our gender equality targets, particularly women in male dominated operational roles and graduate recruitment. We also continue our focus on inclusive behaviours, educating all employees on what constitutes appropriate and inappropriate behaviours including sexual harassment in our workplace.



Workplace Overview

Governing Bodies

Gender balance on governing bodies or Boards is good for business. It contributes to workplace gender equality outcomes and improved company performance more broadly. Measures to support gender balance in the governing body include analysing the gender representation of chairs and other members, considering gender in the selection of Board members, and taking action to drive change through term limits, gender equality targets and policies.

1.5 Identify your organisation/s' governing body or bodies.

Organisation: Zip Airport Services Pty Ltd

A. To your knowledge, is this governing body also reported in a different submission group for this year's Gender Equality Reporting?

Yes

B. What is the name of your governing body?

Viva Energy Australia Group Pty Ltd

C. What type of governing body does this organisation have?

Board of Directors

D. How many members are in the governing body and who holds the predominant Chair position?

	Female (F)	Male (M)
Chair	0	1
Members (excluding chairs)	2	4

E. Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place to support and achieve gender equality in this organisation's governing body?

No

Do not have control over governing body/appointments

Details why there is no control over governing body/appointments: Viva Energy Australia Pty Ltd and its entities do not have control over governing body appointments.

F. Does this organisation's governing body have limits on the terms of its Chair and/ or Members?



No
Do not have control over governing body/appointments

G. Has a target been set on the representation of women on this governing body?

Yes, a target has been set to increase the representation of women on this governing body

G.1 Percentage (%) of target: 40

G.2 Year of target to be reached: 2030-12-31

H. Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on diversity and inclusion for this organisation's governing body?

Yes
Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander identity; Cultural and/or language and/or race/ethnicity background; Disability and/or accessibility; Gender identity; Age

1.6 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to governing bodies and gender equality in your workplace, do so below.

Viva Energy Group Pty Ltd is the ultimate governing body and, there is a target set for the parent company's Board of 40% female representation as part of the succession planning process. Viva Energy Australia Pty Ltd and its entities do not have control over governing body appointments. An Inclusion and Diversity policy is reviewed and endorsed by the board and is a commitment that applies to all Viva Energy Group employees. Additionally, regular progress updates on all aspects of the diversity and inclusion strategy and actions are shared with the Board and gender diversity targets are also reviewed as part of monthly management reporting to the board.



Action on Gender Equality

Gender Pay Gaps

The gender pay gap is the difference in average or median earnings between women and men. It is a measure of how we value the contribution of women and men in the workforce. The gender pay gap is not to be confused with women and men being paid the same for the same, or comparable, job – this is equal pay. Equal pay for equal work is a legal requirement in Australia. However, illegal instances of unequal pay can still be one of the many drivers of the gender pay gap. Closing the gender pay gap is important for Australia's economic future and reflects our aspiration to be an equal and fair society for all.

2.1 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies on equal remuneration (pay equity and the gender pay gap) between women and men?

Yes

Policy; Strategy

2.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

To achieve gender pay equity; To close the gender pay gap; To ensure no gender bias occurs at any point in the remuneration review process (for example at commencement, at annual salary reviews, out-of-cycle pay reviews, and performance reviews); To ensure managers are held accountable for pay equity outcomes; To implement and/or maintain a transparent and rigorous performance assessment process

2.2 Have you conducted analysis to determine if there are remuneration gaps between women and men?

No

We think this isn't relevant because salaries for employees are set by awards or industrial agreements

2.3 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to employer action on pay equity and/or gender remuneration gaps in your workplace, please do so below.

Salaries for ZIP employees are set by enterprise agreements and wage increases are built into the agreements



Action on Gender Equality

Employee Consultation

Engaging employees through consultation on gender equality issues helps employers to understand the employee experience and to take meaningful action. Employers can use the information they learn through the consultation process to generate solutions that are practical and relevant to their organisation.

2.4 Have you consulted with employees on issues concerning gender equality in your workplace during the reporting period?

Yes

2.4a How did you consult employees?

Employee experience survey; Other

Other: As part of our strategy regarding gender targets – we talk regularly to hiring Managers about increasing the recruitment of women in non-traditional areas and where possible seeking to develop 50/50 (male/female) candidate shortlists.

2.4b Who did you consult?

ALL staff

2.5 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place to ensure employees are consulted and have input on issues concerning gender equality in the workplace?

Yes

Strategy

2.8 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to employee consultation on gender Equality in your workplace, please do so below.

International Women's Day More than 500 employees joined a virtual panel event hosted by our Chief Strategy Officer. Three senior managers from the business explored the theme March Forward, sharing how their teams have progressed gender equality, the important role of bystanders and understanding unconscious bias and its impact on building an inclusive respectful workplace. Equal Pay Day In August 2024, Scott Wyatt – CEO emailed the organisation and provided an external statement highlighting the significance of Equal Pay Day, the issues facing women in achieving gender pay equality, the company's commitment to diversity and inclusion and its efforts to close the gap using a range of measures. In March 2025, Scott also communicated the outcomes of our gender pay gap as published by WGEA including how we proposed to address the pay gap across the various entities. Diversity Council We continued to shape inclusion and best practice actions via the Diversity Council, chaired by the Chief People and Culture Officer and with representation from each diversity pillar lead. Respect at Viva Workshops Approximately 80% of team members participated in 'Respect at Viva' sessions on what constitutes appropriate workplace behaviours. To further



embed 'Respect at Viva' training we developed a 'Leading Respect at Viva' module to upskill supervisors to take pro-active steps to eliminate inappropriate behaviour including sexual harassment and gender-based discrimination, and how to respond if a report is made to them.

40:40 Vision We are a proud signatory to the HESTA led 40:40 Vision campaign. This campaign encourages ASX300 companies to commit to achieving at least 40% male and 40% female representation within their Executive Team by 2030. We have an ongoing program to improve the representation of women in all parts of our business and ensure that they receive the same remuneration opportunity as their male counterparts.

NAWO Continued our active membership of the National Association of Women in Operations and have had 2 female senior leaders female early career team members in operational roles participate in their mentoring program.

People & Culture The P&C Business Partners engage with management teams and the business on issues associated with diversity and inclusiveness, ensuring business activities and actions are conducted in line with the organisation's policies and procedures and cultural aspirations.

Grievance Process Ensures grievances are managed appropriately, and appropriate reviews of policies and processes are completed at the conclusion of an investigation. In addition, P&C Managers will support any required performance management and training to prevent issues from arising in future, including issues which arise in relation to gender equality.

Policy We have a Group standalone 'Prevention of sexual harassment in the workplace' policy and a Group Domestic and Family Violence Support Policy that provides additional support beyond statutory leave entitlements. We have organisation-wide family and domestic violence awareness training for team members, and bespoke training for Viva Energy Australia contact officers to respond to potential cases. The 16 Days of Activism campaign helped raise awareness of the prevalence of domestic and family violence in different settings and educated team members on how to respond, refer and seek support via the relevant Viva Energy Group policy.

Employee Engagement Survey results Senior leaders and line managers meet with their teams to discuss results from the annual engagement survey, which include a number of D&I measures.



Flexible Work

Flexible Working Arrangements

A flexible working arrangement is an agreement between an employer and an employee to change the standard working arrangement, often through a change to the hours, pattern or location of work. Flexible work is a key enabler of gender equality, helps accommodate an employee’s commitments out of work and has become increasingly important for employers in attracting and retaining diverse and talented employees.

3.1 Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on flexible working arrangements?

Yes

Policy; Strategy

3.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

A business case for flexibility has been established and endorsed at the leadership level; Leaders are visible role models of flexible working; Flexible working is promoted throughout the organisation; Leaders are held accountable for improving take up and approval of workplace flexibility; Training on flexible working and remote/hybrid teams is provided to managers; Training on flexible working and remote/hybrid teams is available to all employees; All employees are surveyed on whether they have sufficient flexibility; The impact of flexibility is measured and evaluated (e.g. reduced absenteeism, increased employee engagement); Metrics on the use of, and/or the impact of, flexibility measures are reported to key management personnel; Metrics on the use of, and/or the impact of, flexibility measures are reported to the governing body; Management positions are designed to be able to be done part-time; The ability to job-share is incorporated into job design and advertising of new roles

3.2 Do you offer any of the following flexible working options to MANAGERS and/or NON MANAGERS in your workplace?

Flexible working option	MANAGERS	NON-MANAGERS
Flexible hours of work (start and finish times)	No	Yes
Compressed working weeks	No	No
Time-in-lieu	No	Yes
Hybrid working (regular days worked from home and in office)	No	No
Working fully remote (no regular days worked in office)	No	No
Reduced hours or part-time work	No	Yes
Job sharing arrangements	No	No
Purchased leave	No	No
Unpaid leave	Yes	Yes
Flexible scheduling, rostering or switching of shifts	No	No



3.3 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to flexible working and gender equality in your workplace, please do so below.



Employee Support for Parents and Carers

Paid Parental Leave

Parental leave policies are designed to support and protect working parents around the time of childbirth or adoption of a child and when children are young. Some employers offer universally available parental leave policies, offering equal parental leave for all parents, others offer with a distinction between 'primary' and 'secondary' carers. It's important that it's a policy that's available to all parents, irrespective of gender, recognising the equally important role of all parents in caregiving. Gender equal policies help to de-gender the ideal worker and carer norms, which pervade the workplace and reduce opportunities for women to remain in, or re-enter the workforce.

4.1 Do you provide employer-funded paid parental leave in addition to any government-funded parental leave scheme?

No

Other

Provide details: ZIP Airport Services Pty Ltd employees fall under an EBA agreement and are governed by the terms and conditions of their agreement, which includes NES entitlements to parental leave. ZIP was acquired by Viva Energy Australia Pty Ltd in June 2017

4.2 Do you pay superannuation contributions to your employees while they are on parental leave?

No

4.3 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to paid parental leave and gender equality in your workplace, please do so below.



Employee Support for Parents and Carers

Support for Carers

Employers can contribute to workplace gender equality by providing support for employees with caring responsibilities. A carer refers to, but is not limited to, an employee’s role as the parent (biological, step, adoptive or foster) or guardian of a child, or carer of a child, parent, spouse or domestic partner, close relative, or other dependent. Employer support for employees with caring responsibilities allows them to better accommodate their out-of-work responsibilities.

4.4 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies to support employees with family or caring responsibilities?

No

4.5 Do you offer any of the following support mechanisms for employees with family or caring responsibilities?

Support mechanism	Answer
Breastfeeding facilities	Yes
Information packs for those with family and/or caring responsibilities	Yes
Referral services to support employees with family and/ or caring responsibilities	Yes
Coaching for employees returning to work from parental leave and/or extended carers leave and/or career breaks	Yes
Internal support networks for parents and/or carers	Yes
Targeted communication mechanisms (e.g. intranet forums)	No
Return to work bonus (only select if this bonus is not the balance of paid parental leave)	No
Support for employees with securing care (including school holiday care) by securing priority places at local care centres (could include for childcare, eldercare and/or adult day centres)	No
Referral services for care facilities (could include for childcare, eldercare and/or adult day centres)	No



Support mechanism	Answer
Breastfeeding facilities	Yes
On-site childcare	No
Employer subsidised childcare	No
Parenting workshop	No
Keep-in-touch programs for carers on extended leave and/or parental leave	Yes
Access to counselling and external support for carers (e.g. EAP)	Yes



4.6 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to support for carers in your workplace, please do so below.

We partner with 'Parents at Work' to celebrate and support our team members and their families and recently renewed our Family Inclusive Workplace citation for 2025-27. The Work and Family Hub provides unlimited access to career, family and wellbeing courses and guides combined with interactive live group learning sessions with expert career and family coaches. Topics include Preparing for Parental Leave, Raising Toddlers, Teens, Career Life Alignment, Balance & Wellbeing and Navigating Aged Care. ZIP Airport Services Pty Ltd employees fall under an EBA agreement and are governed by the terms and conditions of their agreement, which includes NES entitlements to carer's leave. ZIP was acquired by Viva Energy Australia Pty Ltd in June 2017 at which time these agreements were already in place.



Harm Prevention

Sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination

Workplace sexual harassment and sex discrimination is a gender equality issue that predominantly impacts women. To increase women’s workforce participation and well-being, it is essential employers take action to prioritise and protect all employees from sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination and ensure that every employee feels safe in the workplace.

5.1 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies on the prevention of and appropriate response to sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination?

Yes

Policy; Strategy

5.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

A grievance process; Definitions and examples of sexual harassment, harassment on the grounds of sex and discrimination and consequences of engaging in this behaviour; The legal responsibilities of the employer to eliminate, so far as possible, sexual harassment and how it is demonstrated in the organisation; Leadership accountabilities and responsibilities for prevention and response to sexual harassment ; Disclosure options (internal and external) and process to investigate and manage any sexual harassment; Processes relating to the use of non-disclosure or confidentiality agreements; Guidelines for human resources or other designated responding staff on confidentiality and privacy; Sexual harassment risk management and how control measures will be monitored, implemented and reviewed; Process for development and review of the policy, including consultation with employees, unions or industry groups ; Protection from adverse action based on disclosure of sexual harassment and discrimination; A system for monitoring outcomes of sexual harassment and discrimination disclosure, including employment outcomes for those impacted by sexual harassment and the respondent; The frequency and nature of reporting to the governing body and management on sexual harassment; Manager and non-manager training on respectful workplace conduct and sexual harassment

5.1b If Yes, have the policies and/or strategies been reviewed and approved in the reporting period by the Governing Body and CEO (or equivalent)?

Answer	
By the Governing Body	Yes
By the CEO (or equivalent)	Yes

5.2 Do you provide training on the prevention of sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination to the following groups?

Yes



Cohort	At induction	At promotion	Annually	Multiple times per year
All managers	Yes	No	No	No
All non-managers	Yes	No	No	No
The Governing Body	No		No	No

5.2a Does the training program delivered to the above groups include any of the following?

The respectful workplace conduct and behaviours expected of workers and leaders; Different forms of inappropriate workplace behaviour (e.g. sexual harassment, harassment on the grounds of sex and discrimination) and its impact; The drivers and contributing factors of sexual harassment; Bystander training; Options for reporting occurrences of sexual harassment as well as the risk of sexual harassment occurring; Information on worker rights, external authorities and relevant legislation relating to workplace sexual harassment; Trauma-informed management and response to disclosures; Responding to employees who engage in harassment or associated behaviours

5.3 Does the governing body and CEO or equivalent explicitly communicate their expectations on safety, respectful and inclusive workplace conduct? If yes, when?

Members of the governing body

No

Chief Executive Officer or equivalent

Yes

At staff inductions; Ahead of big events (e.g. functions, conferences) or at internal launches (e.g. at the launch of a new strategy); More often than annually

5.4 Do you have a risk management process in place to prevent and respond to sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination?

Yes

5.4a Does your risk management process include any of the following?

Identification and assessment of the specific workplace and industry risks of sexual harassment; Control measures to eliminate or minimise the identified drivers and risks for sexual harassment so far as reasonably practicable; Regular review of the



effectiveness of control measures to eliminate or minimise the risks of sexual harassment; Reporting to leadership on workplace sexual harassment risks, prevention and response, incident management effectiveness and outcomes, trend analysis and actions; Identification, assessment and control measures in place to manage the risk of vicarious trauma to responding staff

5.4b What actions/responses have been put in place as part of your workplace sexual harassment risk management process?

Make workplace adjustments; Change or develop new control measures; Undertake and act on a culture audit of the relevant business or division; Train people managers in prevention of sexual harassment; Train identified contact officers; Train staff on mitigation and control measures

5.5 What supports are available to support employees involved in and affected by sexual harassment?

Trained, trauma-informed support staff/contact officers; Confidential external counselling (E.g. EAP); Information provided to all employees on external support services available; Union/worker representative support throughout the disclosure process and response; Reasonable adjustments to work conditions

5.6 What options does your organisation have for workers who wish to disclose or raise concerns about incidents relating to sexual harassment or similar misconduct?

Process for disclosure to human resources or other designated responding staff; Process for disclosure to confidential/ethics hotline or similar; Process to disclose after their employment has concluded; Process to disclose anonymously; Process for workers to identify and disclose potential risks of sexual harassment, without a specific incident occurring

5.7 Does your organisation collect data on sexual harassment in your workplace, if yes, what do you collect?

Yes

Number of formal disclosures or complaints made in a year; Number of informal disclosures or complaints made in a year; Gender of the complainant/aggrieved or victim; Gender of the accused or perpetrator; Outcomes of investigations

5.8 Does your organisation report on sexual harassment to the governing body and management (CEO, KMP) and how frequently?



Governing body

Yes

Multiple times per year

CEO or equivalent

Yes

Multiple times per year

Key Management Personnel

Yes

Multiple times per year

5.8a Do your reports on sexual harassment to governing body and CEO include any of the following?

Identified risks of workplace sexual harassment; Prevalence of workplace sexual harassment; Nature of workplace sexual harassment; Analysis of sexual harassment trends and reporter/respondent profiles; Organisational action to prevent and respond to sexual harassment; Outcome of reports of sexual harassment; Consequences for perpetrators of sexual harassment

5.9 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to measures to prevent and respond to sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination, please do so below.

We strive for best practice in how we respond to reports of inappropriate behaviour, including having multiple reporting avenues available including trained Contact Officers and People & Culture representatives, along with clear induction processes for all team members and contractors working on our sites. Our Code of Conduct guidelines and Prevention of Sexual Harassment in the Workplace Policy are signed off by the Chairman and CEO and outlines the organisation's expectations of its employees. Acceptance of the guidelines forms part of annual compliance training for all employees, new starters and contractors. We continue to run face to face 'Respect at Viva' workshops to all team members and 'Leading Respect at Viva' workshops for managers, which provide an opportunity to reinforce a culture of respect and to educate employees on the legislative requirements and guidelines that both individuals and the broader organisation are bound by. Attendance is mandatory for all team members and continuously monitored and updated to respond to risks and opportunities (such as how to be an active bystander and interaction with contractors/third parties in the workplace). Complaints relating to sexual harassment, bullying and Victimisation are reported to the Board annually, reported to the Board Audit and Risk Committee at least bi-annually and disclosed in the Annual Report. Additionally, the Executive Leadership Team also debriefs on sexual harassment cases to highlight and extract learnings to improve our posture on the prevention of sexual harassment in our workplaces. A person also does not need to be an employee to disclose to the Company's hotlines, Stopleveline or Respect at Viva line. Sexual harassment data in the employee survey is not formally collected, but anonymous disclosures of inappropriate conduct and/or behaviours are investigated and addressed at a site level, so far as possible given the information disclosed.





Harm Prevention

Family or Domestic Violence

5.10 Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy to support employees who are experiencing family or domestic violence?

Yes

Policy

5.11 Do you have the following support mechanisms in place to support employees who are experiencing family or domestic violence?

Type of support (select all that apply)	
Protection from any adverse action or discrimination based on the disclosure of domestic violence	Yes
Confidentiality of matters disclosed	Yes
Training of key personnel	Yes
Flexible working arrangements	Yes
Workplace safety planning	Yes
Employee assistance program (including access to psychologist, chaplain or counsellor)	Yes
Referral of employees to appropriate domestic violence support services for expert advice	Yes
Provision of financial support (e.g. advance bonus payment or advanced pay)	Yes
A domestic violence clause is in an enterprise agreement or workplace agreement	No
Access to medical services (e.g. doctor or nurse)	Yes
Offer change of office location	Yes
Emergency accommodation assistance	Yes

5.12 Do you have the following types of leave in place to support employees who are experiencing family or domestic violence?

Access to paid domestic violence leave?

Yes

Is it unlimited?

No

Do you offer paid family and domestic violence leave by negotiation or as needed?

No

How many days of paid domestic violence leave?

10



Access to unpaid domestic violence leave?

Yes

Is it unlimited?

No

Do you offer unpaid family and domestic violence leave by negotiation or as needed?

No

How many days of unpaid domestic violence leave?

20

5.13 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to family and domestic violence affecting your employees, please do so below.

Employees experiencing family and domestic violence are entitled to paid leave (in addition to other existing leave entitlements) for the purposes of doing things to deal with the impact of the family and domestic violence where it is impractical to do so outside the employee's work hours. For example, attending medical appointments, legal proceedings, seeking safe housing etc. Up to 10 days paid Family and Domestic Violence Support leave per year is available in accordance with the National Employment Standards. In addition to this, and as determined by the individual's situation we offer financial assistance to enable an employee to move into safe housing, seek legal representation or other necessary support, as well as supporting changes of hours of work and work location as needed. While there are some variances to this within Enterprise Agreements(EA)'s, all Viva Energy Group employees (regardless of whether they are covered under an EA or not) are covered by the Viva Energy Domestic and Family Violence Policy.



Submission Approval Form

2024-25 Gender Equality Reporting

I, the CEO (or equivalent), confirm that the data provided in the 2024-25 Gender Equality Reporting submission is complete and correct, as reported in the full data appendices:

- + Public Report - Questionnaire
- + Public Report – Employee data tables

I approve the submission of this data to WGEA.

I also confirm that the organisation/s covered by this submission will meet the notification and access requirements as detailed below.

CEO (or equivalent) signature



Name of CEO (or equivalent)

Scott Wyatt

Date: 27/06/2025

What next?

The contact nominated for the submission of this report must complete the declaration and consent process in the WGEA Portal. The Agency does not require physical evidence of the CEO's signature.

To comply with the notification and access requirements, your organisation/s must:

- + inform your employees and members or shareholders that you have lodged its report with the Agency and advise how the public data may be accessed
- + provide access to the public data to employees and members or shareholders
- + inform employee organisations with members in your workplace that the report has been lodged
- + inform your employees and those employee organisations with members in your workplace of the opportunity to comment on the report to the employer or the Agency.

Please see our reporting guide for more information on the [notification and access requirements](#).